

NIH Funding for Translational Neurotherapeutic Research and Development

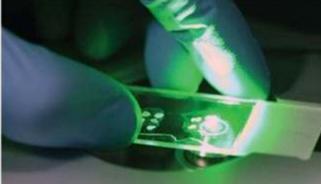
The 19th Annual Non-Dilutive Funding Summit

Charles L Cywin, PhD Director, Small Molecule Neurotherapeutic Development

January 10, 2024









BPN Program

BPN Staff

Director, Small Molecule Neurotherapeutic Development Charles Cywin, PhD

Health Program Specialist Carolyn Bondar, PhD

Operations Coordinator Rakonda Medley, BS

Scientific Program Managers

Mohamed Hachicha, PhD Pascal Laeng, PhD Enrique Michelotti, PhD Mary Ann Pelleymounter, PhD Shamsi Raeissi, PhD Matthew Rice, PhD

SPM-BPN Administration

Oreisa O'Neil Mathurin, MPH-EOC Ranga Rangarajan, PhD-Contracts



National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke



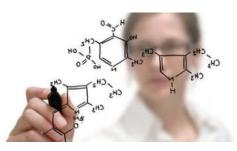
BPN Program Vision

Combine Strengths of NIH and Industry Expertise for Small Molecule Neuroscience Drug Discovery & Development



NIH investigator-initiated ideas

- Novel drug targets
- Strong disease assays and models



Industry expertise

- Advisors with extensive pharma experience
- Industry-standard contract services

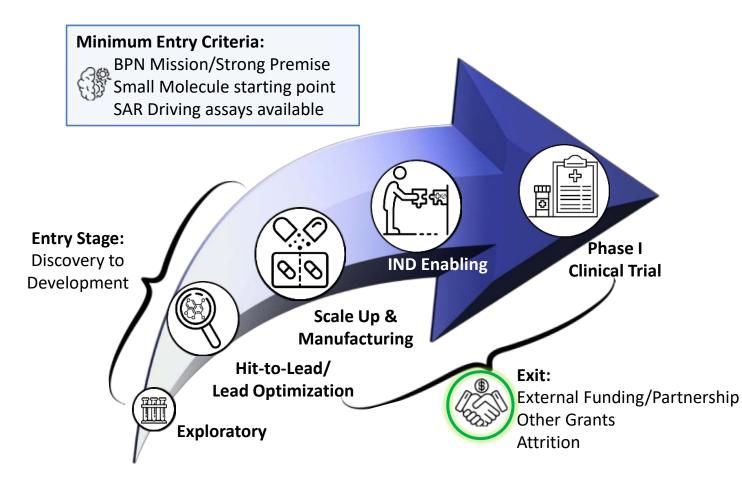






BPN Goals

"Grand Challenge to Provide Grant Funding and Resources to Facilitate Small Molecule Drug Discovery and Development to Treat Nervous System Disorders"



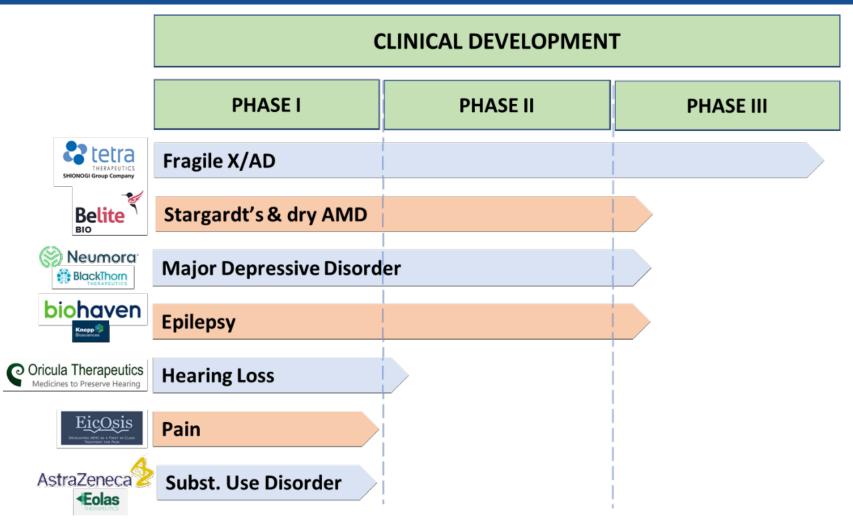


Program Goals:

- To de-risk potential therapeutics to the point that industry will invest in them, allowing potential new drugs to reach patients efficiently.
- To identify the best ideas for translation in the NIH research community through this funding opportunity and associated infrastructure.
- To provide non-dilutive grant (PAR) funding and necessary resources (contracts, consultants, etc.) that are typically lacking in our research community.
- Preserve PI/Institution's Intellectual Property (IP) to facilitate licensing



Progression of Successful BPN Projects



>10 projects have announced additional industry funding since utilizing the BPN

Valued at close to **\$2B** in potential investments

3 additional INDs and trials supported ad hoc





urological Disorders

Asset	Exploratory	Hit to Lead	Lead Optimization	Predevelopment	IND Enabling	
KOR, Stimulant Use Disorder						
Unspecified kinase, Spinal Cord Injury						
CB2R, Stimulant Use Disorder						[]
EP2, Epilepsy						More INDs
nNOS-PSD95, Neuropathic Pain						Expected
AT2, Neuropathic Pain						
ELP1, Familial Dysautonomia						
NMII, Stimulant Use Disorder						

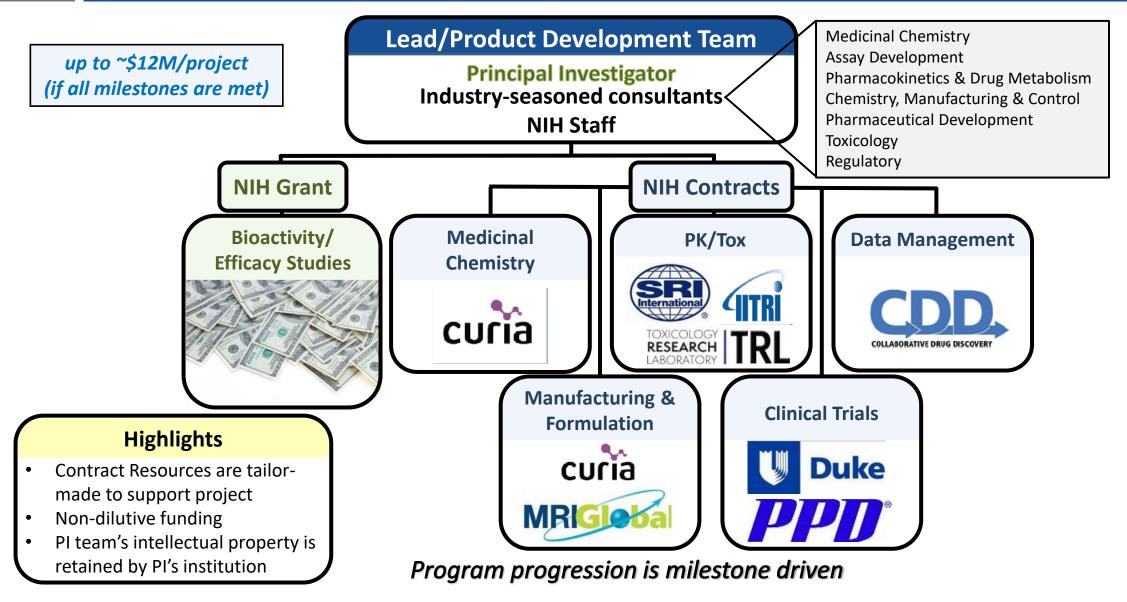
40 Projects funded to date covering **8** ICs





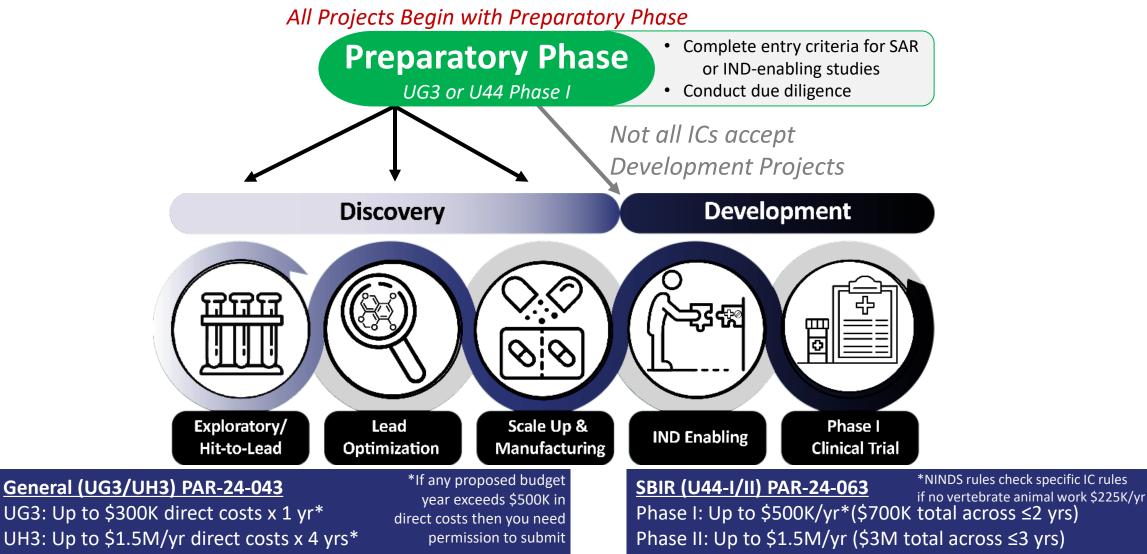


BPN Network: Offering Infrastructure, Expertise, and Grant Funding



Participating Institutes: NCCIH, NEI, NIA, NIAAA, NICHD, NIDA, NIDCR, NIMH, and NINDS

BPN Projects Can Enter at Any Preclinical Stage





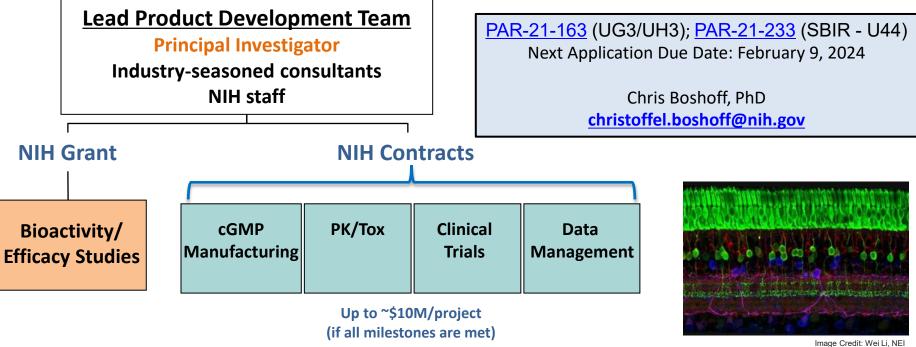




BPN-Biologics

A Customized Combination of Infrastructure, Expertise, and Funding

- Cooperative agreement and SBIR Fast-Track award programs support biologics discovery and development
- Access to consultants and contracts that provide discovery, preclinical development, and clinical trial support



Projects can enter at either the:

- Discovery stage: for lead characterization and optimization to improve the potency and/or suitability for clinical testing
- Development stage: to advance a development candidate through IND-enabling toxicology studies and Phase I clinical testing

Modalities: antibodies, peptides, proteins, gene-based therapies, cell therapies, other emerging biotechnologies

https://neuroscienceblueprint.nih.gov/neurotherapeutics/bpn-biologics



Vational Institute of urological Disorders and Stroke

NICHD NIDA NIDCR NIMH NINDS OBSSR NCCIH NEI NIA NIAAA NIBIB

HEAL Pain Therapeutics Development Program (PTDP) UG3/UH3 Phased Award Cooperative Agreement: RFA:NS-24-019

Hit/Lead Optimization Lead Selection/Lead Characterization

IND Enabling Studies

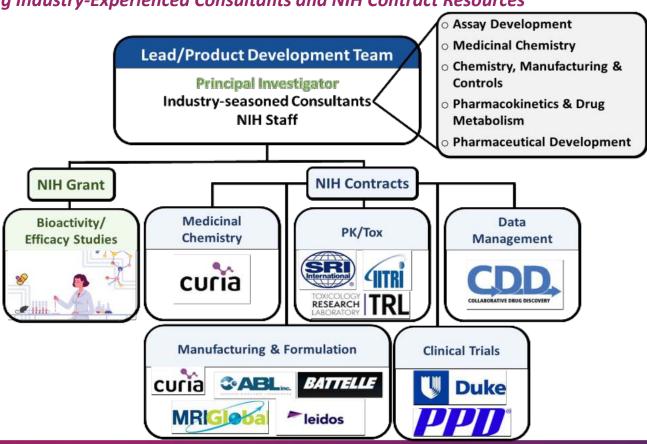
Phase I Clinical Trial

Virtual Pharma Approach Featuring Industry-Experienced Consultants and NIH Contract Resources

- Supports biologic and small molecule therapeutic development
- NIH Consultants are assigned and tailored to each project based on needed expertise
- NIH Contract resources are tailored to stage of each project

NIH

- Awardee can choose which NIH contracts to use or opt to budget their own contracts in grant proposal
- PI team's Intellectual Property Retained by PI's Institution



Features of the HEAL PTDP Grant: RFA-NS-24-019

Goal: Accelerate development of novel, non-opioid, non-addictive analgesics

Grant Features:

- Phased, milestone driven cooperative agreement grant with maximum 5 years of funding
- Supports the early therapeutic development <u>process</u>, including:
 - Hit to Lead activities
 - Lead optimization, selection and characterization
 - Biomarker optimization and PK/PD development
 - IND-enabling studies and Phase I trials

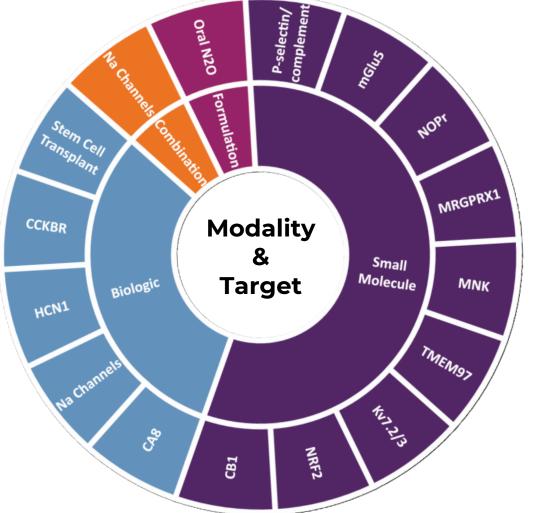
End Goals & Milestones

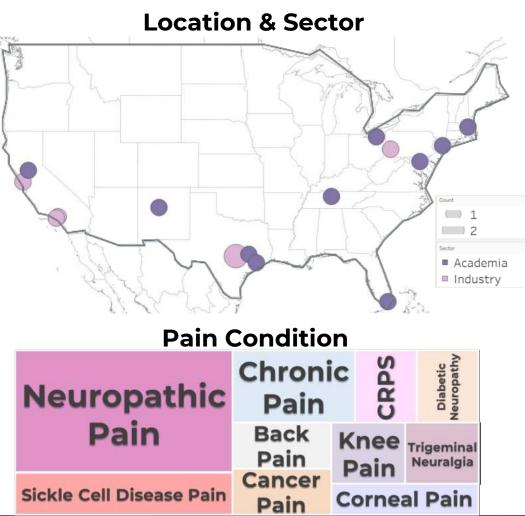
- ✓ Identify and fully characterize a lead candidate
- ✓ Identify target engagement biomarker if possible
- ✓ Seek partnerships
- ✓ Complete IND enabling studies
- ✓ File IND
- ✓ Complete Phase I trial(s)
- ✓ Ready for Phase II clinical trial



2024 Receipt Dates (same date for re-submission): January 24th | May 24th | September 24th

A Snapshot of HEAL Pain Therapeutics Development Program Funded Research







Contact: Mary Ann Pelleymounter, Program Director mary.pelleymounter@nih.gov

NINDS IGNITE Program

IGNITE Team:

Dr. Becky Roof rebecca.roof@nih.gov Ms. Shruthi Thomas *shruthi.thomas@nih.gov*

Dr. Shardell Spriggs shardell.spriggs@nih.gov Ms. Ashley Givens ashley.givens2@nih.gov

GNITE

Innovation Grants to Nurture Initial Translational Efforts





National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke

IGNITE Goal: Prepare Applicants for Later-Stage Programs

IGNITE is meant to serve a feeder program to later-stage therapy development programs such as the Blueprint Neurotherapeutics Network for Small Molecules or for Biologics







PAR-21-124: Assay Development and Therapeutic Agent Identification

PAR-21-123: Development and Validation of Model Systems to Facilitate Neurotherapeutic Discovery

PAR-21-122: Neurotherapeutic Agent Characterization and In vivo Efficacy Studies

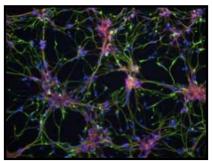
Budget: ≤\$499,000/Year; ≤\$750,000 for Project

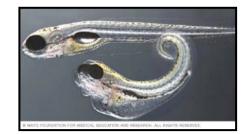
Upcoming Application Due Date: Feb 20, 2024

See <u>NOT-OD-15-039</u> for info on late submissions













Milestoned Mechanisms Allow for Dependent Aims

R61 Phase 1: Demonstrate Feasibility and Prepare



Go/No-Go Milestones

R33 Phase 2: The Key Experiment

Extremely Clear, Quantitative and Definitive Milestones are *Essential*

Transition to Phase 2 via Administrative Review

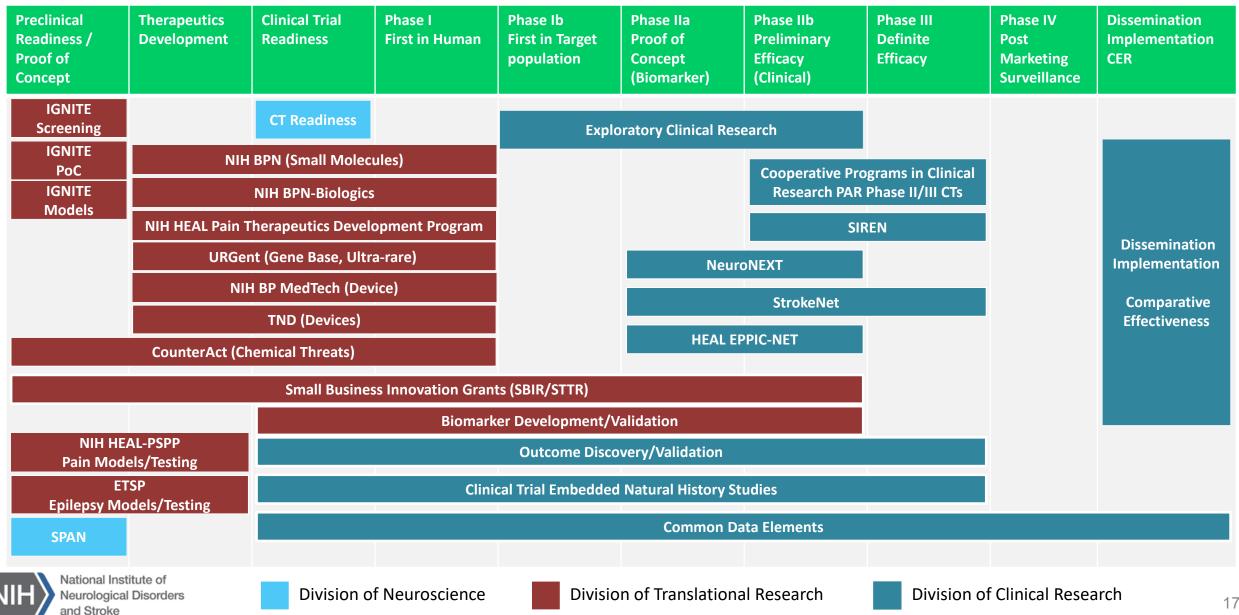




<u>https://www.ninds.nih.gov/current-research/research-funded-ninds/translational-research/innovation-grants-nurture-initial-translational-efforts-ignite-program/ignite-milestone-examples</u>



NINDS Offers Programs Across the Translational and Clinical Spectrum



- Contact us in advance
- Read NOFO's carefully
- Pay attention to non-responsive activities*
- Include a rigorous designs and supporting data (see <u>NOT-NS-11-023</u>)
- Have a multidisciplinary team; note the multidisciplinary reviews
- Strive to increase the diversity of your team (see <u>NOT-OD-20-031</u>)
- Discuss intellectual property (for therapeutics) as requested
- Have a therapy development plan
- Small Businesses are encouraged to consider the SBIR/STTR program. Contact: Emily Caporello (<u>emily.caporello@nih.gov</u>)



National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke * Non-responsive applications will be withdrawn

More on NOFO's

- Notice of Funding Opportunity Announcements (NOFOs)
 - Read the each NOFO carefully
 - PA vs PAR vs RFA: Each one can have different requirements, review criteria, eligibility etc.
 - Is it a Cooperative Agreement (U-grant vs. R-grant)?
 - Is it milestone based?
 - Is it an SBIR mechanism?
 - Follow the instructions in the NOFO
 - Failure to do so may result in your application being withdrawn from consideration prior to review.





Hit Compound ≠ Clinical Candidate

- Is there a sufficient therapeutic window between activity at desired and undesired targets?
 - hERG inhibition?
 - Other off-target effects?
 - Inhibitor of common CYPs?



• Is PK/PD consistent with the dosing strategy in the Target Product Profile?

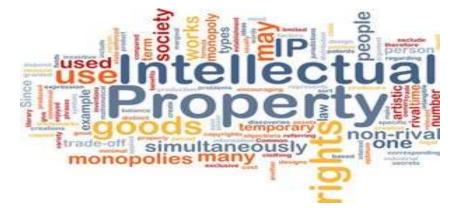


National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke Profile your compound early on



Incorporate IP into Your Strategy

- Consider future licensing strategy
- Don't develop someone else's compound
- Avoid encumbering your own future work



Contact your Tech Transfer/Business Development official early on





Development Plan-Plan with the End in Mind

Target population

- Pediatric vs. adult patients?
- Early vs. advanced disease?

• Dosing regimen

- Chronic or acute treatment?
- Frequency?

Route of administration

- Oral? IV? Eye drops? Transdermal? etc.

• Desired outcome

– Comparison to standard of care?

Engage clinicians in developing a Target Product Profile





Rigor is Important

- Preliminary and supporting data
 - Explicitly discuss the quality of the data presented in prior publications in a detailed manner. Were they done in a rigorous manner, utilizing randomization, blinding, inclusion/exclusion criteria and the appropriate power analysis
- Rigor
 - Detail the controls being used for each type of experiment and appropriately highlight potential confounds like surgery exposure, genotype, culture-to-culture variability, and human placebo effects.
 - Include details within the experimental design about the reduction of potential bias, including blinding, randomization, and inclusion/exclusion criteria.
 - Describe the source of the data on which the sample size estimation (power analysis) is based **and** details about the analysis itself.





Questions?



Charles Cywin, PhD Blueprint Neurotherapeutics (BPN) <u>charles.cywin@nih.gov</u>

Mary Ann Pelleymounter, Ph.D. HEAL Pain Therapeutic Development Program (PTDP) <u>mary.pelleymounter@nih.gov</u>

Rebecca Roof, PhD IGNITE rebecca.roof@nih.gov

Chris Boshoff, PhD Blueprint Neurotherapeutics for Biologics (BPN-Bio) <u>christoffel.boshoff@nih.gov</u>

https://www.ninds.nih.gov/current-research/research-funded-ninds/translational-research



National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke

